

## **EXECUTION COMMITTEE**

### **ACT NUMBER 5-2006**

Session 5-2006 celebrated in the *Banco de Guatemala* building on Friday, January twenty seventh, two thousand six, at fifteen hours and thirty minutes.

The coordinator, with the corresponding quorum, for the consideration of the Execution Committee submitted the project for the order of the day.

**FIRST:** Approval of Project for acts number 3-2006 and 4-2006, corresponding to the session celebrated on January 19 and January 20, 2006, respectively.  
(The project of the act circulated.)

**SECOND:** Market information and monetary variables.  
a) Money and Exchange markets.  
b) Monetary Variables

**THIRD:** Analysis of the monetary situation and definition of the guidelines of execution for the Monetary, Exchange rate and Credit Policy for the following week.

**FOURTH:** Other matters.

Not having more observations, the committee approves the order of the day.

**FIRST:** The coordinator has put to consideration the corresponding project act.

Not having any observations, the committee approved acts number 3-2006 and 4-2006.

**SECOND:** Information of markets and monetary variables.

The coordinator requested that the corresponding information be presented.

a) The Director of the Department of Monetary Stabilization Operations, regarding the Money market informed that during the period from January 23 to 27 of 2006, with partial numbers to date, registered an attraction of LTD's for Q4,855.9 million and maturity of Q4,314.6 million, which gave a net result of fund raising for Q541.3 million, associated to the operations in bidding (net attraction for Q515.0 million), in the Money Electronic

Banking Table –MEBD- and in the stock exchange (net fund raising of Q893.0 million) and at the window (net maturity for Q163.3 million).

Regarding the interest rates applied in fund raising through LTD's, it was indicated that during the period of January 23 to 27, 2006 for the biddings case, the cut interest rates were of: 5.00% for 91 days, 6.25% for 364 days. On the other hand, in the MEBD and in the stock exchange the fund-raising took place for 7 days, at the leading interest rate of the monetary policy of 4.25%.

As for the weighted average interest rates of total operations of repurchase agreements made in the stock exchange of the country, it was indicated that, during the January 23 to 27, 2006 period, with partial data, the minimum was of 3.83%, observed January 27, 2006, and the maximum of 4.61%, registered on January 26, 2006. It also pointed out that the amounts negotiated were higher with public titles and that the average weighted interest rates during said period were of 4.17% for public titles and of 6.50% for the financial sector titles.

On the other hand, it was informed that during the January 23 to 26, 2006 period, regarding Treasury Bond operations the fund-raising registered was for Q76.0 million and maturity for Q40.5 million and US\$17.0 million.

As for biddings on time deposits in US dollars, made on January 25, 2006, it was mentioned that no bids were presented.

Regarding the Institutional Market for foreign currency the report stated that during the period of January 20 to 26, 2006, the average daily operations for purchase were of US\$61.5 million and the sale was of US\$61.2 million as the exchange rates showed a slight tendency toward the low. In effect, on Friday, January 20 they were of Q7.62614 per US\$1.00 for purchase and of Q7.65226 per US\$1.00 for sale, on Monday, January 23 the rates were Q7.60542 and Q7.62894, on Tuesday, January 24 they were Q7.59818 and Q7.62039, Wednesday, January 25 they were Q7.60087 y Q7.62140, and finally, on Thursday, January 26 they were Q7.60271 y Q7.62385.

In the operations of the electronic systems of negotiations of foreign currency administered by the *Bolsa de Valores Nacional, S.A.* (National Stock Exchange, S.A.), for the period of January 23 to 27, 2006, the Private Institutional Foreign Currency System – SPID-, commented that the following operations took place: on Wednesday, January 25 for

US\$0.1million at a weighted average exchange rate of Q7.61750, on Thursday, January 26, US\$0.4 million at Q7.62125; and, on Friday, January 27, for US\$2.5 million at Q7.60900. Regarding the Electronic Foreign Currency Negotiation System –SINEDI-, they declared that during the period no operations were closed, and only the *Banco de Guatemala* received daily, a bid for the purchase of US\$10.0 million, with a following price of: Q7.58900, according to the guidelines of the Execution Committee.

On the other hand, they informed that the Future Foreign Currency Market that is operated by the National Stock Exchange, S.A., during the period of January 23 to 27, 2006, did not close operations. As for the closing price in reference up to Friday, January 27, they indicated that for maturity to liquidate in March of 2006 the price was Q7.65000, and for the maturity to liquidate in June of 2006 it was of Q7.66000.

b) The Sub-director for the Economic Studies Department informed that on January 26, 2006, the excess of the daily float of the banking system was located in a negative position of Q22.6 million, with an average position of Q251.2 million.

The highlights during the period of January 19 to 26, 2006, were: the main demonetizing factors were the increase in the balance of the deposits of the Central Government in the *Banco de Guatemala* for Q1,453.8 million; the long term deposits constituted in the *Banco de Guatemala* for Q149.9 million, the banking float balance for Q84.5 million and the deposits of the rest of the public sector in the Central Bank for Q81.8 million; while the main monetizing factors were the increase in the balance of the Net International Reserve –RIN- balance for the equivalent of Q1,699.2 million.

Regarding the indicative variables of the Monetary, Exchange Rate and Credit Policy they indicated that with the projection to December 2005, for December 2006 the total expected inflation estimated with a model of ordinary squared minimums is of 7.54% and with a softened exponential model of 7.34%; the simple average of both models is located at 7.44%, which is above the policy goal (6.0%), which suggests a restrictive monetary policy.

Regarding the expected subjacent inflation for 2006, with data up to December 2005, estimated with an integrated auto-regression model of mobile averages ARIMA was of 7.24%, whereas the estimated with a softened exponential model was of 6.33%; the

simple average of both models is of 6.79%, which is above the policy goal (6.0%), which suggests a restrictive monetary policy.

As to the parameter rate, up to January 19, 2006, the lower limit was 1.36%, and the upper limit is 9.26%, while the simple average between the repurchase agreements of 8 to 15 days (4.40%) and the weighted average rate of open market operations –OMA- of up to 91 days (4.51%) was situated at 4.46%, which is located within the estimated for the parameter rate, situation that suggests remaining at an invariable monetary policy. When referring to the parity passive rate, they declared that up to January 19, 2006, the lower limit was 6.12% and the upper limit was 7.70%, and the weighted average rate of long term deposits of the banking system was of 6.93%, which maintains itself within the fluctuation range of the parity passive rate, which advises an invariable monetary policy.

As to monetary issue observed to January 26, 2006, they indicated that it presents a deviation of Q347.5 million according to the upper limit programmed for said variable, which would indicate that there is space available to restrict the monetary policy.

As to the total payment means, to January 19, 2006, it exhibited an inter-annual growth rate of 15.7%, which is within the estimated range for said variable on that same date (16.3% to 18.3%), which advises the monetary policy to remain invariable. Also, up to said date, the banking credit of the private sector registered an inter-annual growth rate of 22.0%, which is above the upper limit of the estimated range for January 19, 2006 (22.7% to 24.7%), which suggests relaxing the monetary policy.

As to inflation expectations of private analysts, they indicated that according to the poll made in January 2006, for December 2006 an inflationary rhythm of 7.53% is expected, which is above the goal for monetary policy (6.0%), an aspect which suggests restricting monetary policy. Also it was indicated that the new implied inflation expectations, for December 2005 showed an inflationary rhythm of 5.55%, which is within the goal range for 2005 (4% to 6%), which suggests an invariable monetary policy.

They mentioned that the Monetary Conditions Index –ICM-, to January 19, 2006, was -2.99 percentage points which is within the range estimated for said variable on that date (-3.71 to -2.11 percentage points), which advises that the monetary policy should remain invariable.

To conclude this report, regarding the orientation of the indicative variables; it was reported that regarding last week, the variable of “payment means” went from suggesting that the monetary policy remain invariable to suggesting it relax, with this the number of variables that suggested the monetary policy remain invariable increased to four (parity passive rate, the parameter rate, the Monetary Conditions Indexes and the implied inflation expectations); the number of variables that suggest to relax it increased to two (the banking credit to the private sector and the total payment means) and the variables that suggest to be restrictive remains at four (the total inflation projection, the subjacent inflation projection, the inflation expectations of private analysts and monetary issue).

**THIRD:** Analysis of the monetary situation and definition of the guidelines of Monetary, Exchange Rate and Credit Policy execution for the following week.

a) Analysis of the monetary situation

The Committee took note that the monetizing and demonetizing factors foreseen for the week of January 27 to February 2, 2006 indicate an increase in the creation of primary liquidity for Q4,340.1 million, fundamentally due to the maturity of LTD's. Also a demand is foreseen in the monetary issue for Q160.1 million and a daily negative banking liquidity position for February 2, 2006 for Q530.1 million over the central programmed point for said variable, therefore the excess of aggregate liquidity for the referred period is located at Q4,422.6 million; if these factors are given, the Committee considered that it would be necessary to make the issue offer compatible with the demand programmed, that the LTD's that expire during the period (Q4,725.2 million, according to registries to January 26, 2006) have to be relocated; and also, make additional fund-raising for around Q 4,422.6 million.

The Committee particularly evaluated the results of the most recent survey to the panel of private analysts, highlighting in the reduction that these perceive the inflation expected for 2006 and 2007, as well as the perspectives in matter of exchange rate, economic activity and business climates.

Regarding the determination of quotas for the biddings in the following weeks, the information provided by the daily monetization flow was taken into account, estimated for the following week: (which reports significant amounts of liquidity excess, mainly originated by the maturity of LTDs) and the rule established for the effect, the Committee

agreed that for the following week the fund-raising quota the 91 and 364 day terms to be convened on Monday to be established at Q95.0 million and Q90.0 million.

Regarding the convening to bidding of LTDs in US dollars, the Committee took into account the maturity of the Treasury Bonds expressed in US dollars that are registered in the current dates and considered it prudent that for the week of January 30 to February 3, 2006, to not convene the bids for LTDs in said currency.

- b) Definition of the guidelines of the execution of the Monetary, Exchange Rate and Credit Policy for the following week:

Based on the analysis of the monetary situation, the Committee agreed that for the week of January 30 to February 3, 2006, to keep the execution guidelines of the monetary policy observed during the present week of; in other words, continue with operations in the MEBD and in the stock exchange, for fund-raising as well as giving liquidity to the market. The fund-raising operations were made for 7 day terms without quotas, at a leading interest rate of 4.25%, and the bids of liquidity offer in 7 day terms, at a leading interest rate of 7.65%, whose guarantee of said operations will be constituted only by receiving public titles. It is worth indicating that the Committee reiterated the importance of participating in both venues; in other words, keeping simultaneous liquidity giving bids and the retiring of liquidity, considering said participation constitutes a signal of willingness by the Central Bank to moderate the volatility in the short term interest rate.

The Committee taking into account the agreed in matters of coordination with the fiscal policy for the participation in the money market, agreed that the convening for the biddings of the term deposits be on Monday and Friday, that way: on Monday for the 91 and 364 day terms, with a fund raising quota for Q95.0 million and Q90.0 respectively and on Friday for 182 days, with a fund-raising quota of Q90.0 million. The interest rates will be determined according to the conditions of the market, reflected in the bids received, considering the yield curve established by the technical departments.

On the other hand, the Committee agreed to continue fund raising directly at the window, with the official and public entities. In the case of the official entities, that the fund raising continue to be according to the prevalent financial conditions; in other words, the interest rate for the 7 day terms will be the one applied by the *Banco de Guatemala* in the MEBD and in the stock exchange and, for the other terms, the interest rate will be the

mobile average, for each term, of the weighted average interest rate of the previous four bidding events. As to fund raising for the public, the interest rate for each term, can not be higher than the weighted average of the corresponding bid minus one percentage point.

On the other hand, the Committee agreed to summon biddings for term deposits in US dollars –DP in US\$-, on Wednesday February 1, 2006, the 91 and 364 day terms, for an amount of up to US\$30.0 million. The bids received can be awarded taking as a reference the interest rates of the Treasury Letters of the United States of America in similar terms, without excluding the possibility that, if the bids received deserve better rates, a session with the Committee will be convened to decide its awarding.

The Committee agreed to continue accepting the constitution of term deposits in United States dollars directly at a window, from public entities, in current terms of (91 days and 364 days) and that the reference for the interest rate applied would taken from the Treasury Letters of the United States in similar terms.

As for the participation of the *Banco de Guatemala* in the exchange market, the Committee discussed some options with the technical bodies in order to continue defining the participation rule in the exchange market that will be submitted for approval by the Monetary Board in the next few weeks, meanwhile the Committee agreed that it should continue participating in the SINEDI through participation rules established in session 55-2005 dated October 27, 2005.

**FOURTH:** Other matters.

The members of the Committee exchanged opinions regarding the thoughts and suggestions that arose in the session of the Monetary Board on January 25, 2006, regarding the decision that said Board must adopt each month regarding the leading interest rate of the monetary policy. In that sense, the Committee evaluated the form that in future occasions can continue to improve the analysis instruments and the communications procedures in order to present results of said analysis to the Monetary Board.

Not having any other matters discuss, the session ends at seventeen hours, all who attended sign in agreement.